

ICCV 2021 Workshop - SRVU

Spatio-Temporal Video Representation Learning for AI Based Video Playback Style Prediction

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Agenda

- 1) The Relevance of Video understanding for Mobile Devices
- 2) Current State of Video understanding approaches
- 3) Motion patterns in human action videos - mHMDB51 dataset
 - a) Motion Type Classifier Architecture
 - b) Quantitative Results
 - c) Video playback style recommendation
- 4) Conclusion

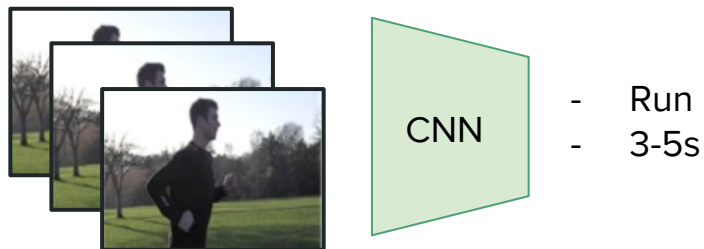
Video Analysis on Mobile Devices

- A large number of videos are captured on mobile phones each day that are shared various short video platforms like tik-tok, snapchat, reels.
- In current scenario there are a range of tools available where the user has to manually select and try of the filters
- Their is a necessity of automated tools to edit the videos on mobile devices to make them more shareable
- Intelligence capability for mobile devices



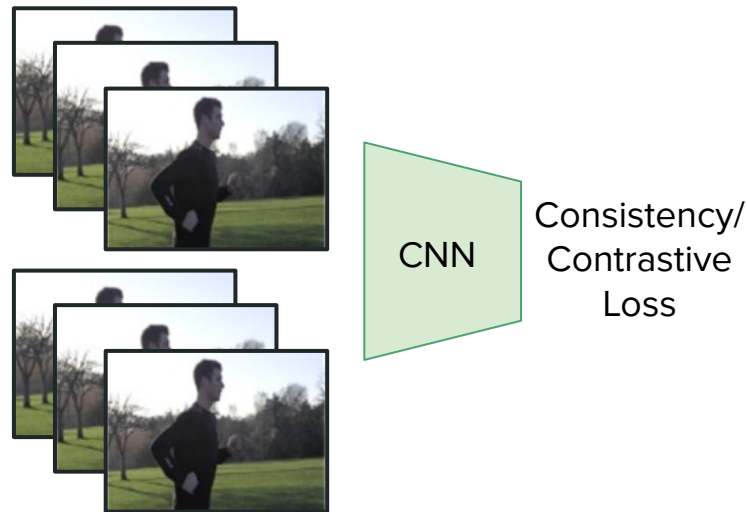
Current State of Video Understanding

Action recognition and localization



- Training with large scale labeled datasets
- Supervised Training with 3D CNNs

Unsupervised representation learning

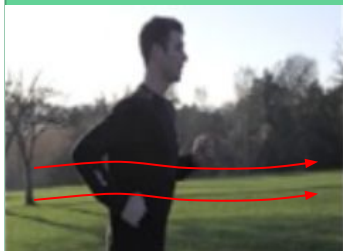


- Training with unlabelled data to learn spatio-temporal representations

Motion Classification

Every common world human actions can be categorized into one of the following five primitive motion type classes: linear, projectile, oscillatory, local and random - mHMDB51

Linear



Ex. Run, Walk,
Brush-hair, Climb,
Push, Pull

Projectile



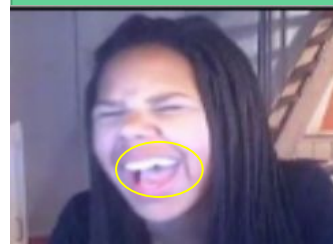
Ex. Shoot ball,
Cartwheel, Dive,
Jump, Golf

Oscillatory



Ex. Pushups,
Dribble, Situps,
Clap

Local



Ex. Smile, Chew,
Talk, Smoke,
Shake-hands

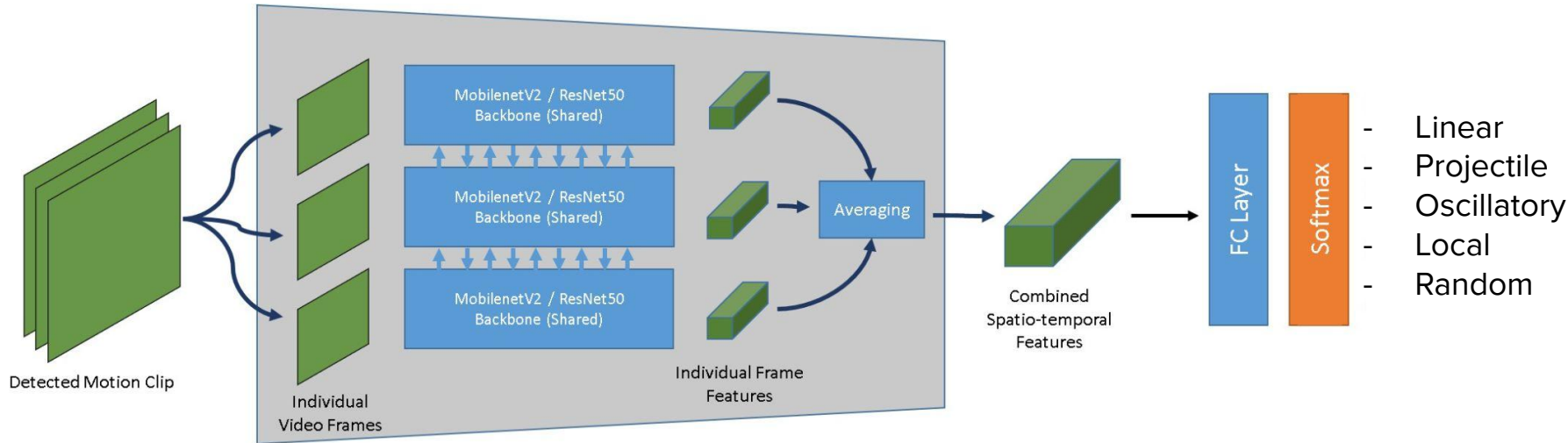
Random



Ex. Fencing, Fall,
Sit, Stand, Hug

Motion Classifier Architecture

- Our model architecture is inspired by Temporal Segment Networks with TSM blocks
- We sample T frames from the video and process them through a MobileNet based TSN backbone



Motion Classification Results

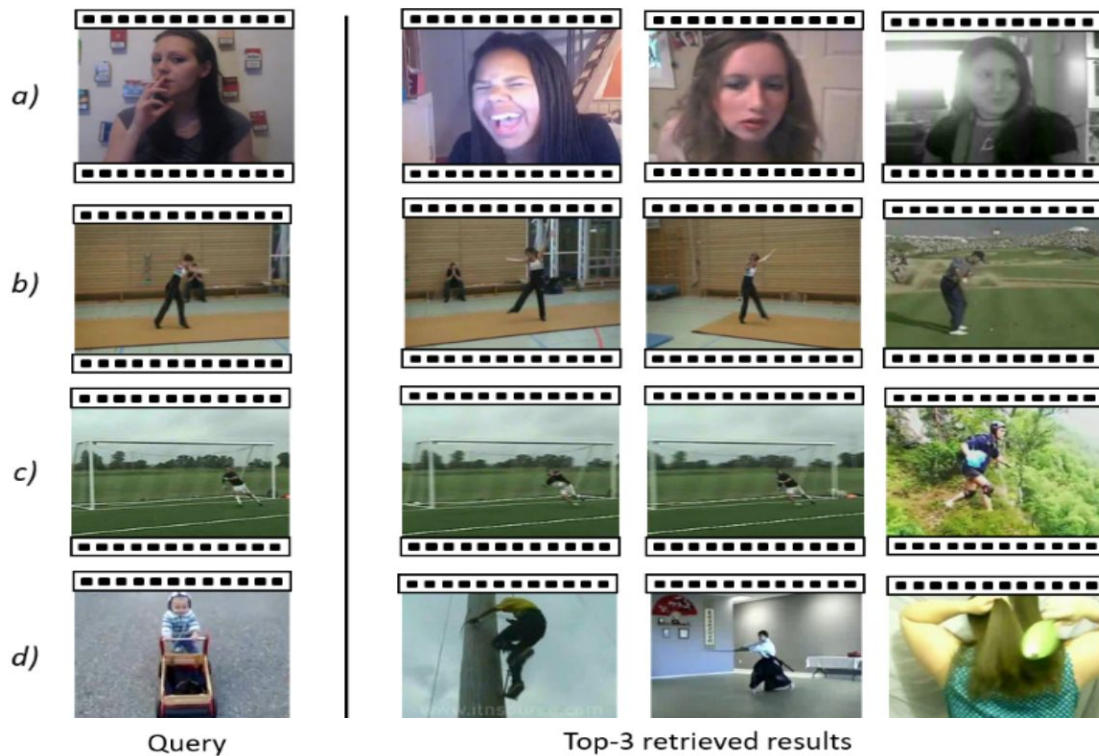
Table1. Model Performance Comparison

Method	Accuracy
Flow Baseline Classifier	25.64
Ours _{Scratch}	38.56
Ours _{ImageNet}	57.58
Ours _{Kinetics}	72.68





Table2. Ablation on number of input frames

Segments	Accuracy	MACs
1	61.76	0.41G
2	71.05	0.82G
3	72.68	1.23G
8	68.17	3.28G

Results on the Downstream Task of Video Retrieval



Video Playback Style Recommendation

Input Video Clip	Motion Type Predicted	Playback Style Assigned
<i>Jogging</i> 	<i>Linear</i>	<i>Reverse</i>
<i>Diving</i> 	<i>Projectile</i>	<i>Boomerang</i>
<i>Drinking</i> 	<i>Local</i>	<i>Loop</i>
<i>Fencing</i> 	<i>Random</i>	<i>Forward</i>

Conclusions

- A novel direction for video understanding by motion type classification
- Inference time of 200ms for a 10s video clip on a Samsung S20 phone
- Learned rich motion representations that generalize well to downstream task of video retrieval
- An application of Video Playback style recommendation system based on predicted motion type classification